Directions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice. Label direct object(s)- <u>D.O.</u>

D.O.

1. The <u>child grabbed</u> the toy from his brother.

D.O.

2. <u>Susan chose</u> the pink dress for the dance.

D.O

3. After dinner Father washed the dishes.

D.O.

4. We ate bananas for breakfast.

D.O.

5. The girl hit the ball to left field.

D.O

6. The cook fried an egg in that frying pan.

D.O.

7. During the ceremony, the speaker presented an award to the student.

DO

8. The other school played a game against our school.

D.O.

9. The <u>plumber took</u> her tools with her.

DO

10. The gardener chased the rabbits off his property.

D.O.

11. The baby threw the rattle onto the floor.

D.O.

12. The officer parked the car near the police station.

D.O.

13. At that restaurant the waiters carry large trays.

D.O.

14. The <u>hikers carried</u> their packs across town.

(You) D.O.

15. Set the groceries by the microwave even.

Name	DIRECT OBJECTS
	RKBOOK PAGE 37
Direc	tions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice. Label the direct object(s)-D.O.
	D.O. D.O.
1.	We ate bacon and eggs for breakfast.
	D.O. D.O.
2.	The traveler dropped his luggage and his keys beside me.
	D.O. D.O.
3.	Within an hour, the detective had caught the burglar and his accomplice.
	D.O. D.O.
4.	During the sale, my mother purchased a new blouse and some earrings.
	D.O. D.O.
5.	Nikki and Dakota baked cookies and coconut pie for the bake sale.
	D.O. D.O.
6.	The <u>farmer planted</u> tomatoes and peppers in his garden .
	(<u>You</u>) D.O. D.O.
7.	<u>Take</u> fried chicken and potato salad on the picnic.
•	D.O. D.O.
8.	Before his trip, the pilot ironed his pants and shirt.
0	D.O. D.O.
9.	You will find the mop or broom in the laundry room. D.O. D.O.
10	Are you buying French fries and a soda at our favorite restaurant?
10.	D.O. D.O.
11.	Some of the students took their books and notebooks with them.
11.	D.O. D.O.
12.	The <u>shopper selected</u> fish and broccoli for dinner .
12.	D.O. D.O.
13.	A <u>couple received</u> a toaster and a blender for a wedding gift .
	D.O. D.O.
14.	<u>I placed</u> toys and other junk under my bed .
e a.t	D.O. D.O.
15.	Over the door we hung ribbons and balloons for the birthday party.

WOR	e RKBOOK PAGE 41	VERBS Contractions
Direc	tions: Write the contraction in	the space provided.
ž	Example: What's	What is your name?
1.	Here's	Here is your order.
2.	won't	The emergency kit will not fit into the glove compartment of his car.
3.	couldn't	The guests could not finish their dessert.
4.	l've	I have so much to accomplish.
5.	wasn't	The macrame <u>was not</u> completed until last weekend.
6.	he'd	I think that <u>he would</u> be happier in a warmer climate.
7.	We'll	We will take the chair lift to the mountain slope.
8.	hasn't	The shipment of cameras has not arrived.
9.	They're	They are finished with their latest report.
10.	isn't	Our antique china closet is not refinished.
11.	You'll	You will want a green rug for the living room.
12.	can't	This blanket cannot be washed.
13.	What's	What is the name of your new friend?
14.	don't	Some of your test answers do not make sense.
15.	wouldn't	Our saw would not cut into that piece of hard wood.

Name WORKBOOK P Date	AGE 42	Contractions
Directions: Wri	te the contraction	in the space provided.
Example:	How's	How is your father?
1. <u>D</u>	on't	Do not go fishing without me.
2		I told him that <u>I will</u> be there at four o'clock.
3.	Where's	Where is the Alamo?
4.	aren't	Some of the sheep <u>are not</u> being herded by the dog.
5.	She's	She is a very capable woodcarver.
6.	<u>didn't</u>	The blue house <u>did not</u> get painted this summer.
7.	They've	They have just returned from a trip to China.
8.	it's	Do you think it is acceptable to send flowers to a young man?
9.	There's	There is no milk for my cereal.
10.	hadn't	Fortunately many of the artifacts had not broken.
11.	wasn't	I was not informed of the problem.
12.	1'11	Our leader explained that <u>I will give the</u> speech at the next assembly.
13.	shouldn't	_ If you <u>should not</u> choose to go, Mary will take your place.
14.	Here's	Here is your missing assignment.
15.	who's	Have you met the person who is director of our recreation club?

Name		VERBS	
WOF	RKBOOK PAGE 45	Verb Phras	es
Date_ Direc	tions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. the verb/verb phrase twice. Place the the main verb of each sentence on the Example: The car will not start!	auxiliary (helping) versions indicated.	verb(s) and
1.	Will you answer the phone?	ELPING VERB(S) will	MAIN VERB answer
2.	<u>Dr. Jones must have shown</u> your sister the x-rays.	must have	shown
3.	May Connie and I leave now?	May	leave
4.	There must have been an accident en this corner.	must have	been
5.	<u>Did</u> <u>Katy return</u> her imperfect briefcase?	Did	return
6.	Was any chair sold for fifty dollars?	Was	sold
7.	Peter should not have stayed at the park.	should have	stayed
8.	My student has had strep throat three times this year.	has	had
9.	<u>Does</u> n't your <u>dad cook</u> breakfast every Saturday morning?	Does	cook
10.	They could fix the light after working hours.	could	fix
11.	I'm searching for the word in the dictionary.	<u>am</u>	searching
12.	Has anyone seen the Egyptian pyramids?	Has	seen
13.	The jury might decide the verdict today.	might	decide
14.	<u>I shall inform</u> you of my decision.	shall	inform
15. 90	That would never have occurred to me.	would have	occurred

Name		VERBS	
	KBOOK PAGE 46	Verb Phrase	S S
Direction	ons: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Userb/verb phrase twice. Place the auxil main verb of each sentence on the line	iary (helping) verb(s	once and the and the
	Example: We have gone often.	have	<u>gone</u>
		HELPING VERBS	MAIN VERB
	These <u>apples must have been grown</u> in Pennsylvania .	must have been	grown
2.	Sissy will not be attending her class reunion.	will be	attending
3.	Were the investors planning a convention	Were	planning
4.	in Lake Tahoe? I might have lost my new tennis racket.	might have	lost
5.	Which of the fabrics do you like?	do	like
6.	Whose car has been parked at the bettem	has been	parked
7.	of the hill? Those plants should be watered daily.	should be	watered
8.	Have you been in the Sears Tower	Have	been
9.	in Chicago? The jeweler would not remove the diamond	would	remove
10.	necklace from the window display. Who will be coming to the graduation dance?	will be	coming
11.	The photographer has taken a family portrait.	has	taken
12.	Am I expected at the Brown's home for dinner	F? <u>Am</u>	expected
13.	You are wearing my favorite color.	are	wearing
14.	By dusk, we will have been in this car for five	will have	been
45	hours. Shall lask my parents for their approval?	Shall	ask

Vame			IRREGULAR	VERBS
WORKBOOK	PAGE	53		
Date		-		

Example: <u>I should have</u> (chose, <u>chosen</u>) a newer car.

- 1. The <u>flag had</u> (flew, <u>flown</u>) at half mast.
- 2. We have (choose, chosen) a new sofa.
- 3. The <u>pupil had</u> not (brang, <u>brought</u>) the homework.
- 4. <u>Has</u> the <u>lamp been</u> (broke, <u>broken</u>)?
- 5. The graduate was (gave, given) a gift.
- 6. Has the choir ever (sung, sang) that tune?
- 7. We could have (run, ran) another mile.
- 8. Our <u>family had</u> (drove, <u>driven</u>) to <u>Areadia National Park</u>.
- 9. The <u>seamstress should have</u> (boughten, <u>bought</u>) more fabric.
- 10. By the end of the contest, the contestants will have (ate, eaten) at least two-pies.
- 11. <u>I could have</u> (drank, <u>drunk</u>) a gallon of water.
- 12. Their <u>bus must have</u> already (came, <u>come</u>).
- 13. <u>Has your blouse</u> (shrank, <u>shrunk</u>) in the laundry?
- 14. <u>Jordy could have</u> (wore, <u>worn</u>) your costume to the party.
- 15. <u>Has</u> the <u>sun</u> (rose, <u>risen</u>) earlier than usual?

Name	IRREGULAR	VERBS
WORKBOOK PAGE 54		
Date		

Example: The <u>speaker has</u> (<u>come</u>, came) early.

- 1. Our <u>balloons have</u> (<u>burst</u>, bursted).
- 2. <u>Has</u> the <u>president</u> (shook, <u>shaken</u>) your hand?
- 3. The <u>laundry had been</u> (hang, <u>hung</u>) on the elethesline.
- 4. That ship must have (sank, sunk) during the battle.
- 5. They have (stole, stolen) that idea from another company.
- 6. The boxer (sprang, sprung) to his feet during the count.
- 7. <u>I may have</u> (did, <u>done</u>) the problem incorrectly.
- 8. Ice <u>cubes were</u> (froze, <u>frozen</u>) in pretty trays.
- 9. My opponent has (beat, beaten) me at the game of chess.
- 10. She (began, begun) (to feel) ill.
- 11. <u>Wind may have</u> (blew, <u>blown</u>) the table over.
- 12. <u>Has</u> the <u>puppy</u> (laid, <u>lain</u>) there long?
- 13. <u>He must have</u> (saw, <u>seen</u>) me at the dance.
- 14. A rock was (threw, thrown) through the large window.
- 15. Several <u>children</u> (<u>swam</u>, swum) in the lake.

Name_____ IRREGULAR VERBS
WORKBOOK PAGE 55
Date_____

Directions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice.

Example: He has (gave, given) me his old hat.

- 1. In July our neighbors had (went, gone) to Europe.
- 2. <u>Have you</u> (rode, <u>ridden</u>) the gray mare?
- 3. A mountain <u>climber must have</u> (ran, <u>run</u>) into difficulty.
- 4. <u>Has Grandma</u> (knew, <u>known</u>) your parents for a long time?
- 5. George should not have (wrote, written) the note.
- 6. The naughty child (sank, sunk) down into the seat.
- 7. A <u>witness was</u> (swore, <u>sworn</u>) in by the judge.
- 8. Records were (broke, broken) during the Olympics.
- 9. <u>You should have</u> (chose, <u>chosen</u>) something more practical.
- 10. <u>Had he</u> (ate, <u>eaten</u>) before surgery?
- 11. The soloist (sung, sang) very loudly.
- 12. The real estate <u>agent must have</u> (brung, <u>brought</u>) thirty people through our home.
- 13. Some of my classmates (done, did) their homework at school.
- 14. Our brother would not have (drunk, drank) milk with each meal.
- 15. <u>Jason should have</u> (went, <u>gone</u>) earlier.

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Name			IRREGULAR
WORKBOOK	PAGE	56	
Date			

Example: The <u>balloon should</u> not <u>have</u> (bursted, <u>burst</u>) so easily.

VERBS

- 1. The <u>bestseller should have been</u> (<u>given</u>, gave) to my mother.
- 2. Hot dogs were (chose, chosen) for the lunch menu.
- 3. The mail must have (came, come) early.
- 4. He might have (gone, went) to the symphony after dinner.
- 5. Has the road map (fallen, fell) on the floor of the car?
- 6. During the early hours, the repairman (done, did) his tasks.
- 7. The papers on the sofa have (lain, lay) there all day.
- 8. By December the business lady will have (flew, flown) 50,000 miles.
- 9. Has a copy of this test been (ran, run)?
- 10. You should have (saw, seen) the look on his face.
- 11. A florist had (spoke, spoken) about flower arrangements at our gardening meeting.
- 12. <u>I</u> (seen, <u>saw</u>) Joe at the basketball game.
- 13. The <u>clothes were</u> (<u>shaken</u>, shook) after removal from the dryer.
- 14. Was the accident victim (took, taken) to a local hospital?
- 15. The sweepstakes winner has (written, wrote) a clever jingle.

	DIRECT OBJECTS
Name_ WOR	KBOOK PAGE 57
Date_	
Direct	cions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice. Label direct object(s)-D.O.
	D.O.
1.	<u>I put</u> the casserole into the oven . D.O.
2.	The <u>campers made</u> a fire at night .
3.	We cleaned the pool after the dust storm. D.O. D.O.
4.	Before dawn, the farmer milked the cows. D.O.
5.	During the emergency, the <u>lifeguard pulled</u> the child from the water. D.O. D.O.
6.	Mary <u>chased</u> Susan and her friend around the room . D.O. D.O.
7.	Santa left the gifts under the tree.* D.O.
8.	A traveler caught a taxi to the bus terminal. D.O. D.O.
9.	Within two minutes the monkey had eaten three bananas.
10.	D.O. A <u>handyman placed</u> paneling on the wall in our den .
11.	D.O. <u>Several</u> of the squirrels had hidden nuts in the tree.
12.	D.O. At noon we should have eaten more pizza.
13.	D.O. <u>Has John</u> or <u>Grace taken</u> the test today?
14.	D.O. <u>Roofers placed</u> new shingles on the house .
15.	(<u>You</u>) D.O. D.O. <u>Take</u> this envelope and that package t o the post office .

D.O.

Someone hid my keys under the table and scribbled the walls with purple and 14. green erayons.

D.O.

<u>Is</u> the <u>milkman delivering</u> milk in your neighborhood? 15.

		OK PAGE 62	SIT/SET LIE/LAY RISE/RAISE	
Direct	tions:	Cross out any prepositional phrases. the verb/verb phrase twice. Label any	Underline the subject once and	
Remi	nder:	To Set/To Lay/To Raise will have direc	t object(s).*	
1.	She	often (<u>lies</u> , lays) in the hammook (to rea	ad).	
2.	The f	armer's <u>daughter</u> (rose, <u>raised</u>) a pig k	or her projec t.	
3.	Cano	D.O. <u>lace</u> (lay, <u>laid</u>) tile in the bathroom .		
4.	Our <u>r</u>	mail <u>was</u> (<u>lying</u> , laying) on the kitchen c	counter .	
5.	Have	<u>you</u> (<u>sat</u> , set) there long?		
6.	Ever	y afternoon, the retired man (<u>lies,</u> lays)	by the pool.	
7.	The	D.O. <u>crowd</u> (rose, <u>raised</u>) its voice in protest		
8.	Walte	D.O. <u>er</u> (sits, <u>sets</u>) his lunch by the door each	evening.	
9.	<u>We h</u>	nad been (<u>rising</u> , raising) early.		
10.	Fath	D.O. <u>er</u> (lay, <u>laid</u>) the infant in the crib .		
11.	Your	paper is (lying, laying) by the front doc)f .	
12.	She	(<u>sat</u> , set) quietly on the red velvet chai t		
13.	The	volunteer fire <u>company</u> (rose, <u>raised</u>) r	D.O. noney for a new engine .	
14.	<u>Aunt</u>	Robyn (<u>sits</u> , sets) for a daily meditation).	
15.	The	D.O. <u>clerk</u> (lay, <u>laid</u>) my package on the cou	nter.	

*Most of the time.

Name_ WOR Date _	KBOOK PAGE 63
Direct	ions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice. Label any direct object(s)- <u>D.O.</u>
Remir	nder: <u>To Set/To Lay/To Raise</u> will have direct object(s). D.O. Example: <u>They were</u> (rising, <u>raising</u>) their hands (to show) agreement.
1.	D.O. The race car <u>driver</u> (sat, <u>set</u>) the keys on the hood of the car .
2.	A gray <u>horse</u> <u>was</u> (<u>lying</u> , laying) in an open meadow .
3.	We (sit, set) down (to eat) lunch.
4.	Smoke (rose, raised) up the chimney.
5.	D.O. The <u>baker</u> (sat, <u>set</u>) the pie in the pantry .
6.	Applesauce <u>bread was</u> (<u>rising</u> , raising).
7.	D.O. Martin (sits, <u>sets</u>) his toothbrush in the medicine cabinet .
8.	The sun had (risen, raised) at six o'clock.
9.	D.O. <u>Did Hannah</u> (sit, <u>set</u>) the record for the long jump?
10.	Our <u>spaniel has</u> (<u>lain</u> , laid) in that spot all afternoon.
11.	My dance <u>partner</u> (<u>sits</u> , sets) next to me in science class .
12.	D.O. <u>We</u> (lay, <u>laid</u>) the records on the stereo cabinet .
13.	A famous clothes <u>designer was</u> (<u>sitting</u> , setting) among many guests .
14.	Prices of shoes and socks have (risen, raised) in the last year.
15. 122	D.O. <u>Mother</u> and <u>Dad</u> (lay, <u>laid</u>) towels by the pool .

Name	
WOF	RKBOOK PAGE 68 Predicate Nominatives
Date_	
Direc	ctions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice. Label the predicate nominative(s) in each sentence. Then, write the inverted form of the sentence on the line provided. P.N.
	Example: My <u>brother is</u> the boy in the first row .
	Check: The boy is my brother. P.N.
1.	Monica was the winner of the contest.
	The winner was Monica.
	P.N.
2.	My favorite food is pie.
	Pie is my favorite food.
	P.N.
3.	Our doctor was Dr. Strom.
	Dr. Strom was our doctor.
	P.N.
4.	Their <u>dessert was</u> a banana split.
	A banana split was their dessert.
	P.N.
5.	My <u>cousin is</u> Freddy.
	Freddy is my cousin.
	P.N.
6.	Jane became my favorite aunt.
	My favorite aunt (is) Jane.
	P.N. P.N.
7.	The <u>swimmers</u> <u>were</u> Beth and her friend.
	Beth and her friend were the swimmers.
	P.N.
8.	My <u>dog</u> <u>remained</u> my pal throughout life .
	My pal (was) my dog.
0	P.N.
9.	Ms. Armstrong is the speaker today.
	The speaker today is Ms. Armstrong.
10	P.N.
10.	Bill has been our neighbor for years.
	Our neighbor has been Bill.
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Name		LINKING VERDS
WOR	KBOOK PAGE 70	Predicate Adjectives
Date_		
Direc	verb/verb phrase twice. Label the sentence. On the line after the swith the subject.	ases. Underline the subject once and the ne predicate adjective(s) in each sentence, write the predicate adjective(s)
	P.A. Example: My <u>dog is</u> brown.	brown dog
	P.A.	
1.		yellow tractor
	P.A.	
2.	Sandpaper usually feels rough to the t	euch. rough sandpaper
	P.A.	
3.	After the verdiet, her face grew pale.	pale race
4	P.A. His <u>plan sounded</u> superb	superh plan
4.	P.A.	Supplied prairies
5.	That person certainly looks suspicious	t o me . <u>suspicious person</u>
	P.A.	
6.	The dress in the eleset was once purp	e. <u>purple dress</u>
_	P.A.	anian la cadra
7.	Your <u>lasagna</u> <u>tastes</u> spicy.	soicy iasagna
8.	P.A. P.A. <u>Hair should be</u> soft and shiny.	soft and shiny hair
0.	P.A.	
9.	The motorist seemed unaware of the	ecident. unaware motorist
	P.A.	
10.		tired Grandpa
	P.A.	
11.	Their friends remained tense throughout	ut the entire movie.
	tense friends P.A.	
12.	The <u>cookies</u> <u>smelled</u> burned.	burned cookies
1 000	P.A.	
13.	The customer had become angry quic	kly. angry customer
	P.A.	
14.	Those <u>plums</u> <u>were</u> delicious.	delicious plums
45	P.A.	iro chonning trip hanny hahy
15. 132	The <u>baby</u> <u>stayed</u> happy during the end	TO SHOPPING THE HISTORY DAVY

Name		VERBS
WOR	KBOO	K PAGE 72 Action or Linking?
Direct	ions:	Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice. Place an A on the line if the verb shows action. Place L on the line if the verb is linking. Above linking verbs, write a form of to be (is, am, are, was, were) as a check. was ple:L _ Despite the medicine, the <u>patient remained</u> ill.
1.		The <u>diner choked</u> on a piece of steak .
2.		Suzanne grew excited about her new career.
3.	_A_	An <u>insect bit</u> me.
4.		were His <u>eyes looked</u> glazed.
5.	_A_	We smelled the flowers.
6.	_A_	The mother looked at the messy house with displeasure.
7.		Your taco smells good. was
8.	L	The <u>electrician</u> <u>seemed</u> sad about your decision .
9.		The seventh grader grew four inches during the summer.
10.	<u>A</u>	We tasted several strange foods at the international restaurant.
11.	_A_	The <u>custodian felt</u> his way down a darkened hall . was
12.	L	The <u>puppy</u> stayed little for nearly a year.
13.	_A_	Melissa threw the ball t o the pitcher. was
14.	L	Our <u>family felt</u> happy about our new canary .
15.	_A_	Missionaries from Africa stayed with me for a week.

Name	VERBS
WORKBOOK PAGE 74	Subject-Verb Agreement
Date	

- 1. The <u>dentist</u> (clean, <u>cleans</u>) my teeth during my yearly visit.
- 2. My grandmother (plant, plants) tulips in her garden.
- 3. After lunch our family (plan, plans) to go to the store.
- 4. In biology class, Susan (sit, sits) beside me.
- 5. Every afternoon the <u>swimmer</u> (dive, <u>dives</u>) into the pool.
- 6. She (change, changes) a flat tire easily.
- 7. A <u>friend</u> of my mother's (collect, <u>collects</u>) dolls.
- 8. The worker (drive, drives) ento the freeway on the way to his job.
- 9. That <u>restaurant</u> (serve, <u>serves</u>) lunch from noon until five o'clock.
- 10. The <u>bird</u> (hop, <u>hops</u>) by the water fountain during the morning.
- 11. Near the furniture factory (live, <u>lives</u>) a <u>hobo</u> with his dog.
- 12. Our <u>brother</u> (pretend, <u>pretends</u>) to be a monster.
- 13. Their <u>niece</u> (serve, <u>serves</u>) dessert after every dinner.
- 14. Before a nap, that child (scream, screams) at the top of his lungs.
- 15. A <u>stack</u> of old newspapers (stand, <u>stands</u>) on the porch.

Name	VERBS	
WORKBOOK PAGE 76	Subject-Verb Agreement	
Date		

- 1. Three <u>lawyers</u> (comes, <u>come</u>) here for lunch.
- 2. Margaret and her cousin (fly, flies) to Detroit each summer.
- 3. Mary and Bill (arrives, arrive) at school before anyone.
- 4. The women (eat, eats) here often.
- 5. Tom's <u>uncle</u> (<u>owns</u>, own) a travel agency in our city.
- 6. Both the fifth grade $\underline{\text{team}}$ and the sixth grade $\underline{\text{team}}$ ($\underline{\text{win}}$, wins) often.
- 7. The new <u>computers</u> (works, <u>work</u>) well.
- 8. They (hear, hears) weird sounds from the deserted shack.
- 9. The tennis <u>rackets</u> (<u>remain</u>, remains) in the closet during the winter months.
- 10. The <u>hikers</u> (walks, <u>walk</u>) ten miles a day.
- 11. The members of our group (wants, want) a field trip to the museum.
- 12. <u>Spectators</u> (<u>line</u>, lines) the streets for the Rose Bowl Parade.
- 13. <u>Horses</u> and <u>cows</u> (lives, <u>live</u>) in the same barn.
- 14. <u>Firemen</u> (<u>practice</u>, practices) CPR throughout their earcer.
- 15. <u>Father and Mother (leaves, leave</u>) their offices early on Fridays.

Name			_ VERBS
WORKBOOK	PAGE	77	
Date			==

Example: We packed and left for the cabin.

- 1. Bob was leaving in a hurry.
- 2. The <u>clown jumped</u> and nearly <u>fell</u>.
- 3. <u>Have you seen</u> my books and notebook?
- 4. The <u>pitcher wants</u> a starting position in the game.
- 5. <u>I had baked</u> a pie and <u>had eaten</u> almost all of it by four o'clock.
- 6. Ms. Brant's <u>class might be going</u>, too.
- 7. The <u>spider had spun</u> an intricate web.
- 8. <u>She declared</u> her innocence and then <u>fainted</u>.
- 9. <u>Should you have been given</u> a larger size?
- 10. Several square <u>dancers will be performing</u> at the rodeo.
- 11. <u>Jill is</u> Greg's cousin.
- 12. <u>Has</u> the <u>librarian been reading</u> that new book?
- 13. You should have come with us to the parade.
- 14. <u>Grandma may be</u> home now.
- 15. <u>I must finish</u> or <u>accept</u> a last prize.

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VERBS

Directions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice.

Example: The gorilla has grown rapidly.

- 1. We cut out pictures and pasted them en large sheets of paper.
- 2. Could you build a volcano for the science project?
- 3. May the children wait until later in the week?
- 4. Some teenagers are walking to the park (to play) tennis.
- 5. He would not answer the question immediately.
- 6. Some of the plants have withered and died during the night.
- 7. Our judges will be selecting the grand prize winner in an hour.
- 8. <u>Several had</u> never <u>seen</u> the Golden Gate Bridge.
- 9. Alice's <u>friend had ridden</u> her bike te the store.
- 10. The French toast will taste delicious with maple syrup.
- 11. A beautiful model traveled to Sweden and appeared in a fashion show.
- 12. The news <u>reporter asked</u> a few questions and then <u>stated</u> her opinion.
- 13. Dad's office was broken into and robbed during the night.
- 14. We wash our hair and brush our teeth at bedtime.
- 15. Your grandpa should have been traveling with a companion.

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Directions: Cross out any prepositional phrases. Underline the subject once and the verb/verb phrase twice.

Example: Cars and trucks were stopped on the freeway.

- 1. The boys scrambled up the ladder and scurried ever the roof.
- 2. <u>Most of the candidates were</u> not in attendance.
- 3. The winter temperature may fall below zero in Chicago.
- 4. The <u>kids watched</u> cartoons and then <u>ate</u> their lunch. (You)
- 5. Go to the store and get some bananas and detergent.
- 6. The tiger leaped upon the truck and growled in the window.
- 7. The <u>cheerleader should have attended</u> the workshop.
- 8. The bunch of carrots was lying on the counter.
- 9. Our <u>family might have gone</u> earlier that day.
- 10. May he or she be permitted to delay the tournament for a day?
- 11. The <u>designer chose</u> a fabric and then <u>changed</u> his mind.
- 12. The students had gone to the auditorium and had sat quietly.
- 13. The cyclist has traveled throughout Europe.
- 15. Cyrus cannot go to the movie or to the dance at school.

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Example: The <u>package should</u> not <u>have been delivered</u> there.

- 1. Was Bill leaving on the afternoon bus?
- 2. Either <u>Joan</u> or <u>Susan won</u> the election.
- 3. Sam crawled in the window and fell on the floor.
- 4. That <u>movie was good</u>. (You)
- 5. Please go away.
- 6. <u>Shelly laughed</u> then but <u>cried</u> later.
- 7. <u>Did Tom. Betty</u>, or <u>Heather recognize</u> the burglar?
- 8. One of the ladies <u>left</u> her purse and <u>returned</u> for it.
- 9. He was vacationing in Brazil and found a peculiar rock.
- 10. Neither the <u>bananas</u> nor the <u>grapes have been eaten.</u>
- 11. He has been searching for the lost treasure of Tahiti.

 (You)
- 12. Stop and rest a few moments!
- 13. The police, the nurses, and the sanitation workers have renewed their contracts.
- 14. In these days of fast foods, we don't always remember our grandparents' hard labor in the kitchen.
- 15. With guidance, the twins learned (to tie) their shoes and (to write) their names.

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Example: Did you cut the apple into two pieces?

- 1. Neither Mary nor John has brought the homework.
- 2. When did the class leave for the field trip?
- 3. Glenn's <u>dad was</u> ill last week.
- 4. Were Pat and her nephew skiing last weekend?
- 5. That group of students should have eaten earlier in the day.
- 6. With elenehed teeth, the determined <u>wrestler grabbed</u> his opponent and <u>pinned</u> him.
- 7. Either <u>you must clean</u> the garage or <u>park</u> your car in the street. (You)
- 8. Go to the office, get some papers, and pass them out immediately.
- 9. Will some of the secretaries be going to lunch with us?
- 10. <u>Each of the lawyers must take</u> his work home with him.
- 11. Many men fought and died at the Alame.
- 12. Within minutes, the team of basketball players finished and left.
- 13. Were the clowns or the trapeze artists funnier?
- 14. This is nice of you (to go).
- 15. Both my foot and my leg had been injured in the assident.
- 16. You must go now or plan on spending the night.
- 17. Will any of the books be returned today?
- 18. Several ministers and deacons met and discussed church activities.
- 19. A hand-carved <u>cradle</u> <u>had been made</u> by her father's unde.
- 20. Your pool should not have been cleaned before the storm.

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verb/verb phrase to		positional phrases. Underline the subject one wice. Write present, past, or future in the space the sentence tense.	ce and the
	provided to indicat		
Exar	mple: <u>future</u>	The <u>cobbler will repair</u> my shoes.	3
1	present	Some people persuade easily.	
2	future	We will persuade you (to stay).	
3.	past	My counselor persuaded me (to attend) co	llege.
1	future	It will seem lonely without you.	
2	present	That <u>author seems</u> lost in thought .	
3	past	The <u>answer</u> <u>seemed</u> unsuitable for the que	estion.
1.	present	Arizona lies east of California.	
2.	future	<u>I will lie</u> in the sun for ten minutes .	
3.	past	The <u>king</u> <u>lay</u> on the royal bed .	
1.	present	After playing, the children pick up all of the	ir toys .
2.	past	Josh picked on other children constantly.	
3.	future	Frances will pick you up after your appoint	ment .
1	present	Randy goes to ballet classes on Tuesday.	
2.	future	Will you go with us?	
3.	past	Our parents went to Hawaii this morning.	