

Biology test - chapter 9

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Photosynthetic bacteria    host cell    ciliates    protozoan    aerobic bacteria    immune system

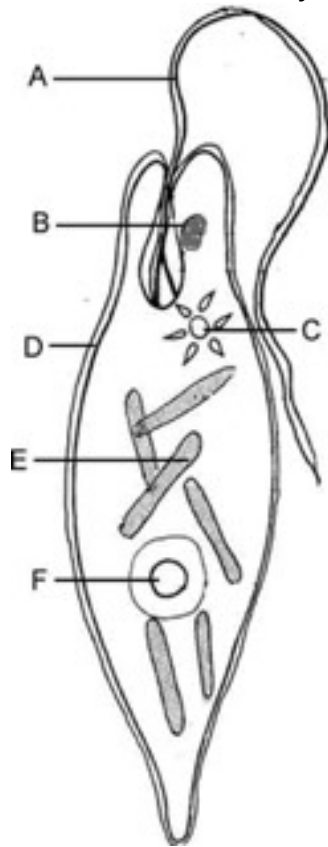
1. \_\_\_\_\_ move using tiny hair-like organisms
2. Ciliates, flagellates, amoebas, and sporozoan are the major groups of \_\_\_\_\_
3. Just like plants, \_\_\_\_\_ make their own food from sunlight and carbon dioxide.
4. Bacteria that use oxygen for cellular respiration are called \_\_\_\_\_
5. A \_\_\_\_\_ of an organism becomes infected with a virus.
6. Your \_\_\_\_\_ protects you from unfamiliar objects like bacteria or viruses.
7. How do protozoans survive during dry periods?  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. Compare and contrast prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. Describe three different methods that bacteria have for locomotion.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. List three ways that bacteria are helpful.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
11. How do viruses trick a cell so that it can enter?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

12. Explain how a fever works to stop a virus?

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13. Label: nucleus, eyespot, flagella, chloroplast, vacuole, cell membrane,



A. \_\_\_\_\_ B. \_\_\_\_\_ C. \_\_\_\_\_

D. \_\_\_\_\_ E. \_\_\_\_\_ F. \_\_\_\_\_